



High Level Architecture (HLA) Performance Framework

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Topics

- Motivation and Objectives
- Federation Execution Planners Workbook
- Performance Benchmark Programs
- Supporting Tools
- Conclusion



What is the Performance Framework?

A Common Framework for defining the aspects of HLA federations which bear on their runtime performance

Foundation for planning federation executions and defining performance of HLA federation components

- -Run-time Infrastructure (RTI)
- -Federate Capabilities
- -Hardware Requirements
- -Network Requirements

Comprised of two basic components

- -Federation Execution Planners Workbook
- -Performance Benchmark Programs



Purpose of the Federation Execution Planner's Workbook (FEPW)

- Initially to understand RTI performance requirements and capabilities
 - How HLA is being used
 - Performance needs of actual federations
 - Input for benchmark definitions for RTIs
- Now supporting broader uses
 - Planning of federation executions
 - Insight into the entire planning process
 - Understanding relationships among federates
 - Understanding timing and coordination requirements
 - Documenting prior federation executions
 - Functional prototype for FEPW tool



What is The FEWB

Set of Excel tables forming an Excel Workbook

- Summary Tables
- Host Table
- LAN Tables
- RTI Services Tables
- Object/Interaction Tables
- Cross-Reference Tables
- Data Representation Tables



Summary Tables

- Information about the federation execution
 - Name
 - Number of concurrent federation executions
 - RTI used
- Summary information about each federate
 - API used
 - Size
 - Tick and timing data
- Identifies hosts and LANs used by the federates

Federation Execution Summary Table

Federation Execution N	lame	Sample
Concurrent	Number	4
Federation	Names	Test
Executions		Demo
		Prototype
RTI Software Used	Vendor	DMSO
	Version	1.3

Federate Summary Table

	ato Gaiiiiiai y	u.o.o						
					Tick		Tii	me Manageme
Fed	Name	API	Size (MB)	Rate (/sec)	Min Value	Max Value	Regulating (y or n)	Constrained (y or n)
1	Land Simulation	Ada	10	10	0.001	0.005	Υ	Υ
2	Land Simulation	Ada	15	10	0.001	0.005	Υ	Υ
3	Air Simulation	C++	8	50	0.001	0.005	Υ	Υ
4	Sea Simulation	Java	7	20	0.001	0.005	Υ	Υ
5	Data Logger	Java	1	20	0.001	0.005	N	N
6	Viewer	C++	1	10	0.001	0.005	N	Υ
7								



Host Table

- One per federation execution
- Information on hardware
 - Computer make and model
 - Operating system
- Memory capacity of the computer
- Execution time available on the computer

Host Table

NOTE: One table per Federation

	Co	omputer		Operating	g System	Memo	ry (MB)	% CPU	
Host	Vendor/ model	# CPUs	Speed (MHz)	Name	Version	Total (MB)	Available (MB)	Available to RTI	Notes
1	Sun Ultra 2	1	300	Solaris		192			
2	Sun Ultra 2	1	200	Solaris		192			
3	SGI Octane	1	300	IRIX		256			
4	Dell latitude CP	1	233	NT		64			
5	Sun Ultra 2	1	250	Solaris		192			
6	Compaq	1	233	NT		128			
7									
8									
9									
10									



LAN Tables

- One per federation execution
- Descriptive information on each LAN used
 - Type of network
 - Throughput
- LAN-to-LAN connections
 - Device
 - Throughput
 - Latency

NOTE: One table per Federation

LAN Description Table

LAN	Physical Type	Band	lwidth
	(Ethernet, ATM,etc.)	Specified	Available
1	Ethernet		
2	Ethernet		
3			
4			
5			
6			

LAN-te	o-LAN Conne	ectivity Table					
LAN	1	2		3	4		5
1							
	Device Bandwidth Latency						
3	Device Bandwidth Latency	Device Bandwidth Latency					
4	Device Bandwidth Latency	Device Bandwidth Latency	Device Bandwidth Latency				
	Device Bandwidth Latency	Device Bandwidth Latency	Device Bandwidth Latency		Device Bandwidth Latency		
6	Device Bandwidth Latency	Device Bandwidth Latency	Device Bandwidth Latency		Device Bandwidth Latency	Device Bandwidth Latency	



RTI Services Table

- One per federate and summary for federation
- Lists current suite of RTI services
- Indicates services used at least once

RTI Services Table

1 Land Simulation

NOTE: One table per Federate

	Cuciate		Lana_	_01111	diation		
	Service	IF Spec Ref	Used ?		Service	IF Spec Ref	Used ?
	Create Federation Execution	4.2	Υ		Unconditional Attribute Ownership Divestiture	7.2	
	Destroy Federation Execution	4.3		0	Negotiated Attribute Ownership Divestiture	7.3	
	Join Federation Execution	4.4	Υ	w	Request Attribute Ownership Assumption †	7.4	
F	Resign Federation Execution	4.5	Υ	n	Attribute Ownership Divestiture Notification †	7.5	
е	Register Federation Synchronization Point	4.6		e	Attribute Ownership Acquisition Notification †	7.6	
d	Confirm Synchronization Point Registration	4.7		r	Attribute Ownership Acquisition	7.7	
е	Announce Synchronization Point †	4.8		S	Attribute Ownership Acquisition If Available	7.8	
r	Synchronization Point Achieved	4.9		h	Attribute Ownership Unavailable †	7.9	
а	Federation Synchronized †	4.10		"	Request Attribute Ownership Release †	7.10	
t	Request Federation Save	4.11		'	Attribute Ownership Release Response	7.11	_
i	Initiate Federate Save †	4.12		р	Cancel Negotiated Attribute Ownership Divestiture	7.12	
0	Federate Save Begun	4.13		М	Cancel Attribute Ownership Acquisition	7.13	

Federate



Object/Interaction Tables

One per federate

Federate	1	Land_Simulation

- Attributes updated by the federate
 - How often
 - In what groupings
- Attributes to which the federate subscribes
 - Latency constraints on updates
- Interactions generated by the federate
 - How often

Interaction	Table							
							Se	nd
Interaction Class	Parameter	Size (bytes)	y/n		Nominal Rate	Maximum Rate	Condi- tions	Group- ing
Interaction1								
	Parameter1	4	у					Α
	Parameter2	4	у					В
	Parameter3	4	V	1				Α

- Interactions to which the federate subscribes
 - Latency constraints

Object Table

				Update								Subscribe		Owne	rship
Object Class	Attribute	Size (bytes)	y/n	Count	Nominal Rate	Maximum Rate	Condi- tions	Group- ing	Transport (reliable or best effort)	Ordering (TSO or RO)	Routing Space	y/n	Max latency (msec)	Transfer Rate	Group- ing
Ground_unit				10											
	Attribute1	4	у					Α	R	RO	RO	у	200	1/fedex	А
	Attribute2	4	у					В	R	RO	RO	n			
				ī					_						

Grouping Description Table

	Туре	Grouping	Description
	Update	Α	Position change
)	Update	В	Damage to unit



Cross Reference Tables

- One per federation
- Attributes updated or reflected by each federate
- Attributes transferred or accepted by each federate
- Interactions initiated or sensed, or reacted to by each federate

Object Attribute Update/Reflect Table

NOTE: One table per Federation

			Federates										
Object Class	Attribute	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		
Ground_unit	Attribute1	U/R	U/R	R	R	R	R						
	Attribute2	U/R	U/R	R	R	R	R						
	Attribute3	U/R	U/R	R	R	R	R						
	Attribute4	U/R	U/R				R						

Object Attribute Transfer/Accept Table

						Fede	rates				
Object Class	Attribute	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Ground_unit	Attribute1	T/A	T/A								
	Attribute2	T/A	T/A								
	Attribute3	T/A	T/A								
	Attribute4	T/A	T/A								

Interaction Initiate/Receive Table

		Federates									
Interaction Class	Parameter	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Interaction 1	Parameter1	- 1	R	R			S				
	Parameter2	I/R	R	R	I/R		S				
	Parameter3	I/R	R	R	I/R		S				
	Parameter4	I/R	R	R	I/R		S				



Data Representation Tables

- One per federation
- How data is represented in the federation
- Byte ordering
- Complex data sequence and packing

Base Type Definition Table

NOTE: One table per Federation

Data Type	Size	Code	Notes	
Byte ordering	n/a	BigEndian	Big endian (most significant bit first)	
float	32	OMT	IEEE single-precision floating point number	
double	64	OMT	IEEE double precision floating point number	
short	16	OMT	16-bit two's complement integer value in the range -2 ¹⁵ to 2 ¹⁵ -1	
unsigned short	16	OMT	16-bit integer value in the range 0 to 2 ¹⁶ - 1	
long	32	OMT	32-bit two's complement integer value in the range -231 to 231 -1	
unsigned long	32	OMT	32-bit integer value in the range 0 to 2 ³² -1	
long long	64	OMT	64-bit two's complement integer value in the range -2 ⁶³ to 2 ⁶³ -1	
unsigned long long	64	OMT	64-bit integer value in the range 0 to 2 ⁶⁴ -1	
char	8	OMT	8-bit quantity with a numerical value between 0 and 255	
boolean	1	OMT	1 bit quantity which can take only the values 0 or 1	
octet	8	OMT	8-bit quantity guaranteed not to undergo any conversion	
any	n/a	OMT	permits the specification of values which can express any basetype	
string	n/a	OMT	One-dimensional array of chars which is terminated with a null (0) char	
sequence	n/a	OMT	One-dimensional array of any base type with max size and length	

Complex Data Type Definition Table

	Elements			
Complex Type	Element	Type	Size	Notes
Type 1	Element1	float	32	
	Element2	short	16	
		padding	16	
	Element3	long	32	
	Elomont/	hooloon	1	



Performance Benchmark Programs

- Goals of the Benchmark Programs
 - Performance indicators for each of the major categories of inter-federate exchange through the RTI.
 - Simple and unambiguous tools that can be applied by general users of the RTI.
 - Easy to understand metrics that facilitate comparison and investigation of factors influencing federation performance.
 - Source code that can be easily distributed and compiled on all RTI supported platforms.
 - Benchmark programs that are parameterizable using simple command-line arguments and FED file modifications.



Presently 4 Benchmark Programs Defined

- Update Latency Benchmark
 - measures the round trip time(update latency) for an Update Attribute Values(UAV) service call
 - key arguments: size of attribute, number of federates, number of objects per federate
- Update Throughput Benchmark
 - measures the number of update attribute values per second that are possible for the given system configuration
 - key arguments: size of attribute, number of federates, number of objects per federate



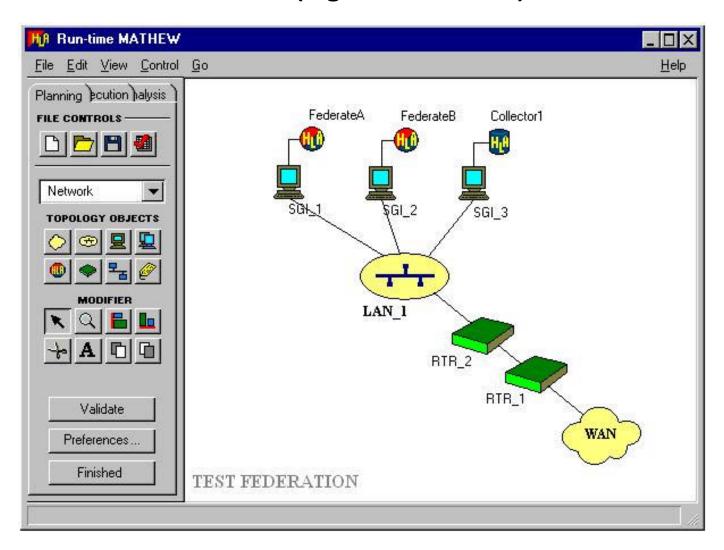
Presently 4 Benchmark Programs Defined (continued)

- Time Synchronization Benchmark
 - measures the number of RTI time step cycles that can be processed by the RTI per second
 - key arguments: number of federates, lookahead for the federates
- Ownership Management Benchmark
 - measures the number of round trip ownership transfers per second per federation execution
 - key arguments: number of federates, number of objects per federate
- In Addition:
 - Developing standard scripts for running benchmarks



FEPW (FedExec Planner's Workbook) Editor

 DMSO is building a number of tools that will support the performance framework (e.g. FEPW Editor)





Conclusion

- Processes, metrics and tools are needed to support user design of HLA federations to meet specific performance requirements of applications
- The performance framework is the first step
 - Represents input from variety of users in developing HLA federations
 - It provides a structured and consistent way to assists the Federation execution planner
 - Provides a common frame of reference for the future development of tool, metrics, and federations